



March 24, 2025

MEMORANDUM REPORT

TO: Patricia Kelly

Chief Financial Officer

FROM: John Seger

Assistant Inspector General for Audits, Evaluations, and Inspections

SUBJECT: Evaluation of PBGC's Fiscal Year 2024 Compliance with the Payment

Integrity Information Act of 2019 (Report No. EVAL-2025-07)

This memorandum report presents the results of our evaluation of PBGC's Fiscal Year (FY) 2024 Compliance with the Payment Integrity Information Act of 2019 (PIIA). The objective of this evaluation was to determine PBGC's FY 2024 compliance with PIIA, as amended by its predecessors, the Improper Payments Information Act of 2002, the Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Act of 2010, and the Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Improvement Act of 2012. We conducted our work in accordance with the Council of the Inspectors General on Integrity and Efficiency's Quality Standards for Inspection and Evaluation (Appendix I). We appreciate the cooperation you and your staff extended to the Office of Inspector General (OIG) during this project. We made no recommendations in this report, and we thank you for your commitment to reducing risk and improving the effectiveness and efficiency of PBGC programs and operations. This report contains public information and will be posted in its entirety on our website and provided to the Board and Congress in accordance with the Inspector General Act of 1978.

Summary

We determined that PBGC complied with the applicable PIIA requirements outlined in M-21-19, Transmittal of Appendix C to Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-123, *Requirements for Payment Integrity Improvement*, dated March 5, 2021 (Table 1). We concluded that PBGC's efforts to prevent and reduce Improper Payments (IPs) and Unknown Payments (UPs) are adequate considering that its payment streams are not susceptible to significant improper payments and that it complied with applicable PIIA requirements.

Table 1. PBGC's FY 2024 PIIA Compliance Reporting Table

OMB Criteria	Payments to Contractors	Multiemployer Financial Assistance Payments	Benefit Payments	Payments to Federal Employees	Premium Refunds	Multiemployer Special Financial Assistance (SFA)
1a. Published payment integrity information with the annual financial statements.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
1b. Posted the annual financial statements and accompanying materials on the agency website.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2a. Conducted IP risk assessments for each program with annual outlays greater than \$10,000,000 at least once in the last three years.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

2b. Adequately concluded whether the program is likely to make IPs and UPs above or below the statutory threshold.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3. Published IP and UP estimates for programs susceptible to significant IPs and UPs in the accompanying materials to the annual financial statements.	N/A¹	N/A ¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹
4. Published corrective action plans for each program for which an estimate above the statutory threshold was published in the accompanying materials to the annual financial statements.	N/A¹	N/A ¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A ¹
5a. Published an IP and UP reduction target for each program for which an estimate above the statutory threshold was published in the accompanying materials to the annual financial statements.	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A¹

¹ Requirements 3 through 6 are not applicable as none of PBGC's payment streams are susceptible to significant improper payments.

5b. Demonstrated improvements to payment integrity or reached a tolerable IP and UP rate.	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹
5c. Developed a plan to meet the IP and UP reduction target.	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹
6. Reported an IP and UP estimate of less than 10% for each program for which an estimate was published in the accompanying materials to the annual financial statements.	N/A¹	N/A ¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹

Source: PBGC OIG assessment of PBGC's compliance.

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¹ Requirements 3 through 6 are not applicable as none of PBGC's payment streams are susceptible to significant improper payments.

Background

Established by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, PBGC protects the retirement security of about 31 million workers, retirees, and beneficiaries in both single-employer and multiemployer private-sector pension plans. In FY 2024, PBGC paid over \$5.8 billion in benefits to 912,000 participants. To support its mission, one of the three strategic goals articulated in PBGC's Strategic Plan is to "maintain high standards of stewardship and accountability."

PBGC pays guaranteed benefits directly to retirees and beneficiaries in failed single-employer plans and pays financial assistance to insolvent multiemployer plans to allow them to pay guaranteed benefits to retirees and beneficiaries. These two insurance programs are legally separate and operationally and financially independent. In addition, the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 established the SFA program for financially troubled multiemployer pension plans. The SFA program is funded by general U.S. Treasury monies.

PIIA Requirements

PIIA requires agencies to identify and review, based on guidance provided by OMB, all programs and activities they administer that may be susceptible to significant improper payments. Program payments are categorized in one of three possible payment types:

- 1. Proper Payment a payment made to the right recipient for the right amount,
- 2. Improper Payment (IP) a payment made in an incorrect amount or to the wrong recipient, or
- 3. *Unknown Payment (UP)* for instances where an agency is unable to determine whether the payment falls into the proper or improper category, that payment should be considered an "unknown" payment.

Compliance

On March 5, 2021, OMB issued a revised OMB Circular A-123 Appendix C (M-21-19). The stated goal of this guidance is to transform the payment integrity compliance framework and create a more comprehensive and meaningful set of requirements to allow agencies to spend less time complying with low-value activities and more time researching the underlying causes of improper payments, balancing payment integrity risks and controls, and building the capacity to help prevent future improper payments. The OIG is responsible for determining whether the agency is compliant with PIIA and submitting a report on that determination.

For an agency to be deemed *Compliant* with PIIA, it must have complied with all 10 OMB criteria listed in Table 1.

PBGC Programs and Activities

PBGC conducts risk assessments for five of its six payment streams using a rotational strategy based on a three-year cycle. PBGC's five payment streams for the three-year cycle include the following:

Benefit Payments: benefit payments to participants in "final pay" status for plans trusteed by PBGC under Title IV of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act;

Payments to Contractors: payments to contractors for goods and services, including government credit card transactions;

Payments to Federal Employees: payments made to federal employees, including payroll and travel reimbursements;

Premium Refunds: refunds of previously paid premiums;

Multiemployer Financial Assistance Payments: financial assistance payments to insolvent multiemployer plans that are unable to pay benefits when due under the requirements of Title IV of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act;

PBGC conducts an annual risk assessment for the following payment stream because of significant Congressional and OIG attention:

Multiemployer SFA Payments: payments for distressed multiemployer plans that meet specific criteria under the American Rescue Plan Act.

In previous years, PBGC concluded that none of its payment streams were susceptible to significant improper payments as defined by statute or OMB guidance. According to OMB, for programs that are deemed not to be susceptible to significant improper payments, agencies must perform risk assessments at least once every three years. In FY 2024, following PBGC's three-year rotational schedule, the Corporate Controls and Reviews Department (CCRD) conducted risk assessments on *Benefit Payments* and *Premium Refunds*. Additionally, CCRD assessed the *Multiemployer SFA Payment* stream in FY 2024 following its first assessment in FY 2023. CCRD plans to perform a risk assessment of the *Multiemployer SFA Payments* annually through 2027.

Details

Based on our review, we determined that, for FY 2024, PBGC was compliant with the 10 PIIA requirements (See Table 1).

Requirement 1a: PBGC published payment integrity information with the annual financial statements in its FY 2024 Annual Financial Report (AFR) dated November 15, 2024.

Requirement 1b: PBGC posted the annual financial statements and accompanying materials on the agency website at https://www.pbgc.gov/about/annual-reports.

OMB A-136 requires agencies that provide information to OMB through the Annual Data Call to include the website hyperlink for *PaymentAccuracy.gov* in their AFR. The link in the AFR provides a reader access to information on agency IP risk assessments, recoveries, and other agency-wide reporting requirements.

For FY 2024, PBGC provided information to OMB through the Annual Data Call at the agency level for every program and activity with outlays over \$10 million. For FY 2024, PBGC included the same Payment Integrity reporting information in the AFR as the information posted on *PaymentAccuracy.gov*.

Requirement 2a: CCRD conducted IP risk assessments for each program with annual outlays greater than \$10 million at least once in the last three years based on our prior and ongoing work. In FY 2024, CCRD performed risk assessments on *Benefit Payments* and *Premium Refunds*, based on its rotational schedule, and an annual risk assessment on *Multiemployer SFA Payments*.

Requirement 2b: PBGC adequately concluded that the three payments streams are not susceptible to significant improper payments (not likely to make IPs and UPs above the statutory threshold) based on the risk assessments performed by a contractor, under the direction and oversight of CCRD personnel and management.

Requirements 3 through 6: These requirements do not apply based on PBGC's determinations in its risk assessments. PBGC determined that all payment streams were not susceptible to significant improper payments.

Consequently, improper payment estimates, corrective action plans, annual

reduction targets, and rates less than ten percent are not required for the payment streams.

Conclusion

This report communicates the results of our review and does not contain recommendations; therefore, no management response is required. If you have questions or comments, please contact me at (202) 257-6039 or Kara Burt at (202) 718-7793.

cc: Alice Maroni, PBGC Acting Director

Lisa Carter, CCRD Director

Karen Morris, General Counsel

Latreece Wade, Risk Management Officer

Department of Labor Board staff

Department of Treasury Board staff

Department of Commerce Board staff

Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

House Committee on Oversight and Reform

Comptroller General of the United States

Controller of the Office of Management and Budget

House Committee on Appropriations

Senate Committee on Appropriations

House committee staff (Education and Workforce, Ways and Means, and HOGR)

Senate committee staff (HELP, Finance, and HSGAC)

Appendix I: Objective, Scope, Methodology, and Standards

Objective

Our objective is to determine whether PBGC complied with PIIA for FY 2024.

Scope

We conducted our evaluation of PBGC's FY 2024 compliance with PIIA from November 2024 through March 2025 via telework and at PBGC Headquarters.

Methodology

To achieve our objective, we reviewed applicable federal laws, OMB guidance, and agency policies and procedures. From PBGC's website, we obtained and reviewed PBGC's FY 2024 AFR, focusing on the Improper Payment Reporting section and accompanying materials to assess PBGC's compliance with PIIA and related OMB guidance.

We interviewed CCRD staff to gain an understanding of the procedures, oversight, and internal controls related to PIIA. In addition, we reviewed applicable policies and procedures. We analyzed the source data from the agency to evaluate the accuracy and completeness of payment integrity information in the Annual Report.

We reviewed PBGC's Risk Assessments for FY 2024 Payment Integrity Review of *Benefit Payments, Premium Refunds*, and *Multiemployer SFA* payment streams. For *Benefit Payments* and *Premium Refunds*, we conducted an in-depth analysis of the risk factors in accordance with OMB M-21-19 by evaluating supporting documentation, such as cycle memos, prior reports, internal control reports, and reconciliations. For these two payment streams, we also assessed the reasonableness of the risk factors' ratings, scoring, and weighting. For *Multiemployer SFA Payments*, we reviewed supporting documents including prior reports, plan documents, and SFA procedures.

Applicable Professional Standards

We conducted the review under the authority of the Inspector General Act of 1978, as amended, and in accordance with the Quality Standards for Inspection and Evaluation issued by the Council of the Inspectors General on Integrity and Efficiency. Those standards require that we plan and perform the engagement to obtain sufficient and appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our conclusions and observations based on our objective.

During the review, we obtained an understanding of internal controls that are significant to the engagement objective and did not find them unsatisfactory. Because our review was limited, it would not necessarily have disclosed all internal control deficiencies that may have existed at the time of our evaluation. Accordingly, the evaluation included review of controls and compliance with laws and regulations to the extent necessary to satisfy the evaluation objective. We determined that the computer processed data used to evaluate PBGC's compliance with PIIA is sufficiently reliable for the purpose of meeting our evaluation objectives. Thus, the evidence we obtained gives a reasonable basis for our conclusions and observations based on our objective.

Appendix II: Acronyms

Acronym	Meaning		
AFR	Annual Financial Report		
CCRD	Corporate Controls and Reviews Department		
FY	Fiscal Year		
IP	Improper Payment		
OIG	Office of Inspector General		
OMB	Office of Management and Budget		
PIIA	Payment Integrity and Information Act of 2019		
SFA	Special Financial Assistance		
UP	Unknown Payment		

Appendix III: Staff Acknowledgements

PBGC OIG Contact John Seger, (202) 257-6039 or seger.john@pbgc.gov

Staff Acknowledgements In addition to the contact above, Kara Burt, Audit

Manager; Natali Dethomas, Auditor; and Jaymon Franklin, Auditor, made key contributions to this

report.

Appendix IV: Feedback

Please send your comments, suggestions, and feedback to OIGFeedback@pbgc.gov and include your name, contact information, and the report number. You may also mail comments to us:

Office of Inspector General Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation 445 12th Street SW Washington, DC 20024

If you want to discuss this report or your comments with a member of the Office of Inspector General staff, please contact our office at (202) 326-4030.